INSTRUCTION MANUAL



KEPCO An ISO 9001 Company.

ERD150W-24

SINGLE OUTPUT SWITCHING POWER SUPPLIES

I—INTRODUCTION

SCOPE OF MANUAL. This instruction manual contains information for the installation and operation of the Kepco ERD150W-24 Series of Switching Power Supplies. For extended operating and service information, please refer to the Service Manual for the ERD150W-24 Series, which can be purchased, when available, either from your Kepco Representative, or by writing directly to: Kepco Inc., 131-38 Sanford Avenue, Flushing, New York, 11352, U.S.A.

DESCRIPTION. The Kepco ERD150W-24 Series consists of several switching power supplies, having a d-c input and a single d-c output, rated as listed in Table 1. ERD150W-24 switching power supplies have similar electrical specifications, except for the output ratings. They are low-dissipative stabilizers, using pulse-width modulation to control the output. ERD150W-24 switching power supplies may be operated from 20V to 30V d-c sources, as listed in the specification table below.

II—SPECIFICATIONS:

All specifications, except as noted, are given at nominal input voltage and maximum rated output current.

PARAMETER	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION 24V d-c 20V to 30V d-c		
D-C Source Voltage	Nominal Input Voltage: Input Voltage Range:			
D-C Source Current	at 24V d-c input, 50 °C rating per Table 1 at 20V d-c input, 50 °C rating per Table 1 at 24V d-c input, no load	8.0A Typical, 8.5A Maximum 10.5A Maximum. 150 mA maximum.		
D-C Output ratings	0-71 °C ambient temperature	See Table 1		
Remote on/off	The ± RC terminals may be used to turn the power supply on/off	TTL Logic Level or manual switch. Unit is normally "on"		
Efficiency	Maximum load, nominal source voltage	79% typical		
Fuse(1) Slow-Acting type, Kepco P/N 541-0094 or SOC CES 6-15A		15.0A — 250V (¼" x 1¼" size)		

⁽¹⁾ Accessible after heatsink removal, refer to FIG. 5.

MODEL	NOMINAL OUTPUT VOLTS	ADJ. RANGE VOLTS	MAXIMUM OUTPUT RATINGS (AMPS, WATTS) VS.AMBIENT OPERATING TEMPERATURE				SWITCHING COMPONENT RIPPLE, p-p		SPIKE NOISE DC to 50 MHz	
			30°C	40°C	50°C	60°C	71°C	TYPICAL MAX	MUM	MAXIMUM
ERD 5-30-24	5	4.0- 5.5	30.0A/150W	30.0A/150W	30.0A/150W	21.0A/105W	12.0A/60W	30 mV 50	mV	100 mV
ERD 12-12-24	12	8.4-13.2	12.0A/144W	12.0A/144W	12.0A/144W	8.4A/100.8W	4.8A/57.6W	50 mV 80	mV	170 mV
ERD 15-10-24	15	12.0-16.5	10.0A/150W	10.0A/150W	10.0A/150W	7.0A/105W	4.0A/60W	50 mV 80	mV	200 mV
ERD 24-6-24	24	16.8-26.4	6.0A/144W	6.0A/144W	6.0A/144W	4.2A/100.8W	2.4A/57.6W	50 mV 100	mV	290 mV
ERD 48-2.8-24	48	32.6-52.8	2.8A/134.4W	2.8A/134.4W	2.8A/134.4W	2.0A/94.1W	1.1A/53.8W	60 mV 150) mV	530 mV

TABLE 1 RIPPLE/NOISE AND D-C OUTPUT RATINGS VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE, ERD150W-24 SERIES, FOR VERTICAL INSTALLATION. FOR HORIZONTAL INSTALLATION, DERATE AS SHOWN IN FIG. 3.

II—SPECIFICATIONS, Cont'd:

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PARAMETER	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION				
Source Effect	20V to 30V d-c	Typical: 0.2%				
(Line Regulation)		Maximum: 0.8%				
Load Effect	Nominal source voltage	Typical: <0.3%				
(Load Regulation)	For load change: 10%-100%	Maximum: 1.0%				
Combined Effect	For all conditions of rated source	Typical: <0.6%				
maximum voltage change	voltage, load current	Maximum: 2.0%				
after initial setting	and temperature					
Time Effect	Constant source voltage,	Typical: <0.1%				
(8 hr. drift)	load and temperature	Maximum: 0.5%				
Temperature Effect	Nominal source voltage	Envelope (0-71 °C): Typical: <0.3%				
from 0° to 71°C	Maximum Load	Maximum: 1.0%				
Current Limit	Factory set to the tabulated values.	ERD 5-30-24 33.2-35.0A				
(Nominal Input	Change of setting for source and	ERD 12-12-24 13.4-14.4A				
Voltage @25°C)	Temperature variations: ± 10%	ERD 15-10-24 11.2—12.0A				
		ERD 24-6-24 6.8— 7.3A				
		ERD 48-2.8-24 3.3- 3.6A				
Over-Voltage	Factory set to approximately 120% of					
	nominal output voltage on each model	Reset: turn input power off for 5 sec.				
Operating Temperature-	Nominal Source Voltage	0°C to +71°C				
Range	Maximum Load	(See Table 1)				
Storage						
Temperature-Range	Non-operating	-20°C to +75°C				
Humidity	Non-Condensing	20 to 95% RH.				
Transient Recovery	Step load change 50-100%	Excursion: <4%				
	Recovery within 1.0% of output voltage	Recovery time: <1 millisecond				
	Rise & Fall Time of load step >50μsec.					
Withstand Voltage	Between input and output terminals or case	2.0 KV a-c for 1 minute				
Isolation Resistance	Between output terminals and case	500V d-c, 100 Megohms minimum				
Vibration	5-10 Hz.	10 mm, 3 axes				
	10-55 Hz.	2 g, 3 axes				
Shock	11 ms ± 5 ms.	20 g, 3 axes				
Size	N.A.	See Fig. 5				
Weight	English	2.6 lb. max.				
	Metric	1.2 Kg max.				
Safety	Used within ratings	UL 478 Recognized				
		CSA C22.2-154 Certified				
		MIL-STD-810 Environmental Test Methods				
		for Ground Equipment				
EMI	Conducted Noise: Filters built-in	MIL-STD-461, Method CE03				
	Radiated Noise: Units have metal case	MIL-STD-461, Method RE03				
Warranty	Used within ratings	1 Year				

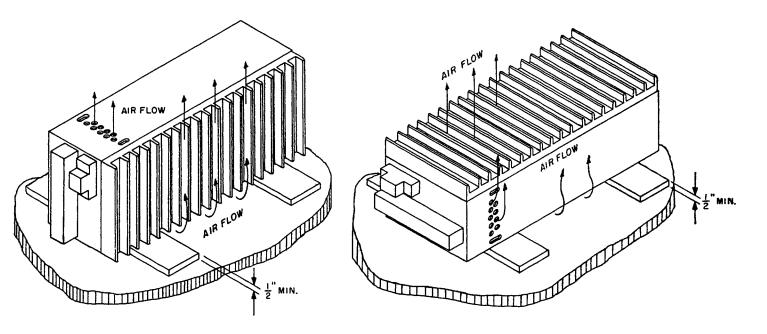


FIG. 1 RECOMMENDED MOUNTING METHOD (VERTICAL) FOR ERD150W-24 POWER SUPPLIES. Output current rating per Table 1

FIG. 2 RECOMMENDED MOUNTING METHOD (HORIZONTAL) FOR ERD150W-24 POWER SUPPLIES. Output current rating per FIG. 3

III—OPERATION

SOURCE POWER TURN-ON/TURN-OFF

Source input power to the ERD power supply is applied in the conventional manner by means of an external power switch in series with one or both of the source input terminals, (see FIG. 4).

Following source turn-on, for systems applications the ERD power supply can be remotely programmed "on" and "off" by means of a contact closure, or TTL logic levels. This permits turn-on/off sequencing and avoids input surge current associated with conventional source power turn-on/off cycles. In FIG. 4 both the conventinal and the remote d-c power turn-on/turn-off methods are shown:

- If remote turn-on/off is not needed, delete components connected to terminals + RC, RC and leave these ter-A) minals open.
- If the remote turn-on/turn-off method is used, retain the SOURCE POWER switch. NOTE: Source power turn-B) on/turn-off must be retained since the overvoltage protector circuit is reset, following an overvoltage condition, by removing (10 seconds minimum) and re-applying the source power. Either the indicated switch (S1) or TTL levels may be used for remote turn-on/off as indicated in the table of FIG. 4. The switch (S1) must be "chatter-free", or the indicated components should be used to integrate the switching pulse.

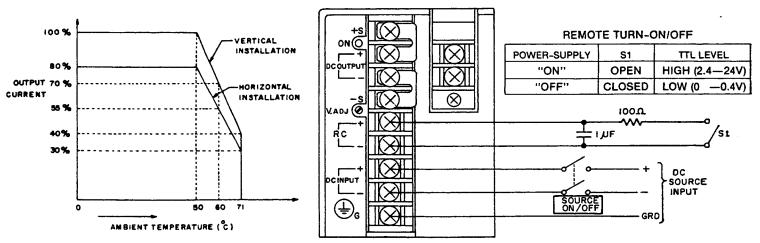


FIG. 3 OUTPUT CURRENT DERATING GRAPH.

FIG. 4 CONVENTIONAL AND REMOTE SOURCE-POWER TURN-ON/OFF. NOTE: Remote turn-on/off circuit may be deleted.

INTERNAL ADJUSTMENT (See FIG. 4 for location)

V_{ADJ}, Output Voltage Adjustment. Monitor the output voltage with a precision voltmeter at the ± sensing terminals and turn control to the desired value.

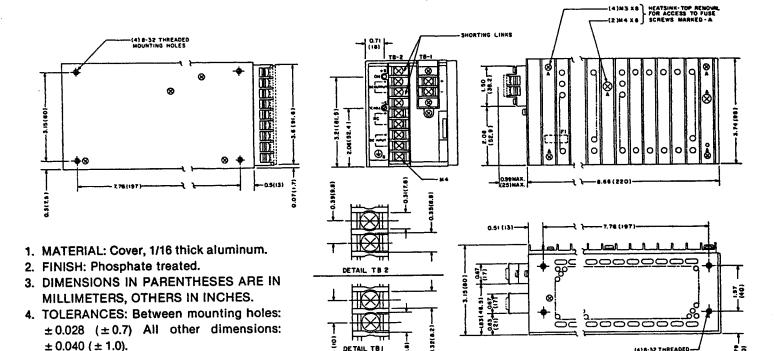


FIG. 5 MECHANICAL OUTLINE DRAWING. ERD 150-24 SERIES\

DETAIL TO I

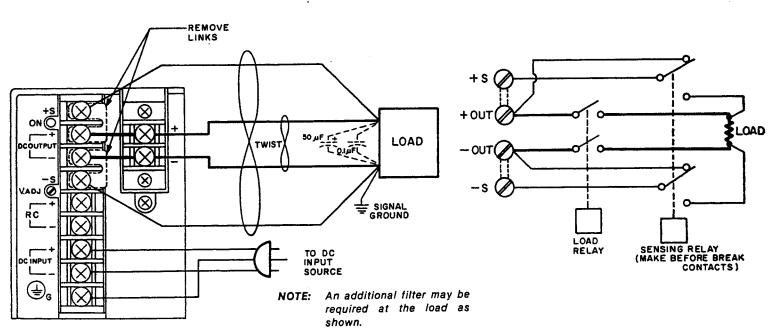


FIG. 6 LOAD CONNECTIONS WITH ERROR SENSING, ERD150W-24 SERIES.

5. MAXIMUM MOUNTING SCREW PENE-

TRATION: 0.28 (7).

FIG. 7 LOAD SWITCHING

200

LOAD CONNECTIONS: The load may be connected in the way illustrated in FIG. 6. A second pair of ± output terminals has been provided, to be used in parallel with the first load terminal pair, for loads greater than 15 amperes. IMPORTANT NOTE: IF ERROR SENSING IS USED, THE SHORTING LINKS BETWEEN OUTPUT AND SENSING TERMINALS MUST BE COMPLETELY REMOVED. IF ERROR SENSING IS NOT USED, THE LINKS MUST BE CON-NECTED AT THE BARRIER STRIP. TIGHTEN BARRIER STRIP TERMINAL SCREWS SECURELY. LOOSE CONNEC-TIONS MAY CAUSE MALFUNCTIONING OF THE POWER SUPPLY. Remote error sensing can compensate for load wire voltage drops up to 0.4V per wire.

LOAD SWITCHING: If the load is to be connected and disconnected by means of relays or other switching devices, proper contact sequencing must be observed to prevent power supply malfunctions. Refer to FIG. 7: When LOAD is switched "on", energize LOAD RELAY first, SENSING RELAY last. When LOAD is switched "off" de-energize SENSING RELAY first, LOAD RELAY last.